

Online Georgia Historical Marker Scavenger Hunt: Native American History in Georgia

Answer Key

1. This person served as Oglethorpe's chief interpreter and ran a successful trading post near the Savannah River.
 - Answer: Mary Musgrove
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Mary Musgrove](#) or [Indian Trading Post: Home of Mary Musgrove](#)
2. Who is credited as creating the first written form of the Cherokee Language?
 - Answer: Sequoyah
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Cherokee Nation](#) or [Cherokee Indian Memorial](#) or [Chattooga County](#)
3. During this battle between Creek Indians and Spanish Apalachees, the Creeks arranged blankets around a campfire to trick the Apalachees into attacking empty blankets.
 - Answer: The Battle of the Blankets
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Battle of the Blankets](#)
4. Tomochichi was the mico of what tribe?
 - Answer: Yamacraw
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Tomo-chi-chi's Grave](#) or [Landing of Oglethorpe and the Colonists](#)
5. Which treaty voided Native American land claims east of the Mississippi River?
 - Answer: The New Echota Treaty
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Trail of Tears](#) or [Fort Gilmer](#)
6. This Scotch-Coweta chief was killed by the Upper Creeks after ceding Creek lands west of the Flint River to whites.
 - Answer: William McIntosh
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [McIntosh Reserve](#)
7. This line located in Banks County served as the boundary between Georgia and the Cherokee Nation.
 - Answer: Hawkins Line or The Four Mile Purchase Line
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? ["Hawkins Line"](#)
8. Located eight miles from Decatur, this location shows archaeological evidence of how Native Americans created stone bowls.
 - Answer: Soapstone Ridge
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Steatite Boulder](#)
9. This location was home to Major Ridge and served as the site where The Treaty of New Echota was negotiated.
 - Answer: Chieftains
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Chieftains](#)
10. This group of Native Americans migrated to Georgia from North Carolina to participate in the turpentine industry.
 - Answer: The Croatans or Lumbee
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Croatan Indian Community](#)

11. This large mound site was built during the Middle and Late Woodland periods.
 - Answer: Kolomoki Mounds
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Kolomoki Mounds Archaeological Area](#)
12. This city served as the capital of the Cherokee Nation and was home to the first Native American newspaper office, the *Cherokee Phoenix*.
 - Answer: New Echota
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [New Echota: Cherokee National Capital](#) or [Cherokee Nation](#)
13. This town, which was later burnt by the Spaniards in the 17th century, was mentioned by the travel narratives of de Soto?
 - Answer: Kashita
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Kashita \(Cusseta\)](#)
14. Native Americans from the Archaic period are thought to have created petroglyphs on six soapstone boulders at this site. What is the name of the site and what is a petroglyph?
 - Answer: Track Rock Gap; Marked stone with symbols carved or pecked into their surface.
 - Which marker did you use to find the answer? [Track Rock Gap](#)